INTRODUCTION

The primary purpose of these guidelines is to facilitate the installation of sprinkler systems in existing buildings that are not already protected by sprinkler system and that are in the Ordinary Hazard I, II & III classification. They are also applicable to new buildings having similar hazards. With the timely response by the SCDF, the designated water storage capacities in these guidelines should be adequate for the sprinkler system to control the fire spread till the arrival and the intervention by fire-fighters.

An automatic sprinkler system is expected to provide sufficient evacuation time for the building occupants, assist in preventing fire spread to adjacent spaces/buildings, limit the environmental impact of fires and provide limited property protection. However, please note that these guidelines set out the minimum water supply requirements for life safety only and not for property protection.

GENERAL

These guidelines shall read in conjunction with Singapore Standard CP 52, Code of Practice For Automatic Fire Sprinkler System [SS CP 52]. Where conflict exists with between CP 52 and these guidelines, the requirements in this guideline shall take precedence.

In adopting these guidelines in the design of the automatic fire sprinkler system, the QP should inform the Building Owner the limitations of reduced water storage capacities as allowed in these guidelines, prior to the design and installation of the system.

SCOPE

The requirements in these guidelines are only applicable to buildings having hazard classification of Ordinary Hazard Group I, II or III under SS CP 52.

These guidelines shall be only applicable to buildings of habitable height not exceeding 60m.

The requirements in these guidelines do not apply to any building housing storage risks and chemical processes.
4 DEFINITIONS

4.1 Reliable Inflow

The inflow to the sprinkler tank is considered reliable if the water inflow rate at the inlet to the sprinkler tank is not less than 1.0 m³/min and the inlet point is located at reduced level 125m or below.

4.2 Unreliable Inflow

The inflow to the sprinkler tank is considered unreliable if the water inflow rate at the inlet to the sprinkler tank is less than 1.0 m³/min or the inlet point is located at reduced level greater than 125m.

4.3 Non-modulating type pilot control float valve

PUB approved float valve that is designed to open fully when there is a drop in water level to immediately replenish the tank.

4.4 Constant flow pressure reducing valve

A listed device incorporated in the sprinkler pipe network to ensure that the design flow limitations of the system are not exceeded.

5 DESIGN CONSIDERATIONS

5.1 TANK SIZING

The minimum water storage capacities of the sprinkler tank shall be capable of providing 30 minutes adequate water supply for the sprinkler pump operation.

5.1.1 System with Reliable Inflow

Sprinkler system with a constant reliable inflow from the PUB mains to replenish the sprinkler tank, the effective tank storage capacities for the various hazards categories shall be as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Occupancy Group</th>
<th>System demand **</th>
<th>Proposed minimum effective capacity of storage tank</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>OH 1 [72m²]</td>
<td>540 l/min</td>
<td>12.5 m³</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OH2 [144m²]</td>
<td>1000 l/min</td>
<td>25.0 m³</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OH3 [216m²]</td>
<td>1350 l/min</td>
<td>37.5 m³</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

** the upper limit in column 6 of Table 17 CP 52
5.1.2 **System with Unreliable Inflow**

Sprinkler system with an unreliable inflow from the PUB mains to replenish the sprinkler tank, the effective tank storage capacities for the various hazards categories shall be as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Occupancy Group</th>
<th>System demand **</th>
<th>Proposed minimum effective capacity of storage tank</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>OH 1 [72m²]</td>
<td>540 l/min</td>
<td>16.2 m³</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OH 2 [144m³]</td>
<td>1000 l/min</td>
<td>30.0 m³</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OH 3 [216m³]</td>
<td>1350 l/min</td>
<td>40.5 m³</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

** the upper limit in column 6 of Table 17 of SS CP 52

5.2 **PIPE SIZING**

Full hydraulic calculation methods shall be adopted for the design of the sprinkler system pipework. The sprinkler design must ensure that the flow does not exceed the system demand as stipulated in Table 1 & 2, throughout the installation. The flow and pressure limitations can be overcome by employing listed constant flow pressure reducing valves or by including orifice plates at connections to main distribution pipes.

6 **WATER SUPPLY**

6.1 **Size of incoming mains**

Pipe size of the replenishing water mains to the sprinkler storage tank shall not be less 150 mm in diameter. Hydrants, hosereel and external drenchers shall not be connected to the sprinkler system or draw from sprinkler water supplies.

6.2 **Inlet to storage tank**

The inlet to the storage tank shall be fitted with listed non-modulating type of pilot float valve.
Appendix 12

FIRE SAFETY REQUIREMENTS FOR HIGH CONTAINMENT FACILITY (BIO-SAFETY LEVEL 3 / 4)

SCOPE
1. The scope of this Fire Safety Guidelines covers the fire safety requirements for high containment facility or laboratory that handles biological agents or toxins, designed to meet the WHO and MOH's requirements of Bio-Safety Level 3 [BSL-3] or higher.

DEFINITIONS


4. “High Containment Facility” refers to containment laboratory of Bio-safety Level 3 and maximum containment laboratory of Bio-safety Level 4 (WHO, 2004) (it includes interstitial space, waste treatment area and anteroom etc). They are designed to comply with the WHO and MOH's requirements for storing or handling of biological agents.

5. “Anteroom” is the proceeding room leading into the BSL-3 or BSL-4 containment laboratory. This room is for showering and changing. It is also served as a containment facility in controlling of air flow and providing additional physical containment between the laboratory and adjoining spaces.

GENERAL REQUIREMENTS
6. BSL-3 or BSL-4 containment laboratory shall preferably be located at the ground floor and shall be separated from areas that are open to unrestricted traffic flow within the building. They shall be designed and constructed to comply with the requirements listed herein, and the requirements of other relevant authorities, such as WHO, MOH, NEA, etc.

7. The word “BSL-3” or “BSL-4” shall be stated clearly in the project title and printed on the top-right corner (lettering shall be bold, in red colour and at least 15mm in size) of all the fire safety plans of the high containment facility.